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LOUISVILLE, SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1920

PRICE FIVE CENTS.



MUSIC WITH MEALS IN ARGENTINE.

Dining car de luxe on an Argentine railroad. The car is furnished with a piano and phonograph and is decorated with tropical plants. A fair passenger is shown playing the piano while her fellow travelers dine.

ENTHUSED

Friends of Irish Freedom Hear Stirring Appeals For Bond Drive.

Col. P. H. Callahan Presided Over Gathering at Jefferson Theater.

Protestant Speakers Declare Irish Question Does Not Involve Religion.

CITY LEADERS IN AUDIENCE.

Protestants and Catholics in large numbers and all 100 per cent. American, friends of self-determination and the right of all peoples to form their own government, composed the splendid and enthusiastic audience that gathered in the Jefferson Theater Monday night to hear Ireland's plea for the republic and government of that country now seeking release from the misrule and oppression to which she has been so long subjected by England. The stage was tastefully decorated in the American and Irish colors and an orchestra discoursed American and Irish music before the speakers took their places. To those having the meeting in charge it was exceedingly gratifying to see so many of Louisville's representative men, business, professional and labor, present to give expression to their friendly feeling for Ireland and to give encouragement to the Irish Republic bond drive now being successfully conducted throughout the country. Preceding the meeting two vocal solos were rendered by Miss Rose Henley that put the audience in excellent humor and were warmly applauded.

Upon the stage and in the boxes were men well known in the religious, professional, business and social life of the city, who gave hearty approval to the pointed utterances of the two speakers, both of whom were native Americans and non-Catholics, and who proved conclusively that the matter of religion was not involved and had no place in the Irish question, as the constitution and laws of the new republic were modeled after that of the United States and accorded freedom of conscience and worship as did those of our own country. S. J. McElliot, Chairman of the Bond Drive Committee, called the gathering to order, and after expressing thanks to Col. James P. Whalen and Judge Allen Kinney for their assistance and courtesies he presented Col. P. H. Callahan, who presided. When Col. Callahan stepped forward he was greeted with rounds of applause, which was repeated when he expressed appreciation of the honor and declared this country was always the refuge of those seeking freedom and was the closest and dearest to all of us. This country had responded to many appeals like that now being made by President De Valera and related by blood and tradition; he felt that this appeal was stronger than any with which he had been identified. He urged his hearers to make a sacrifice to help along this cause, which means so much to Ireland and also means much to this country, as there would be neither peace nor happiness until Ireland attained justice and her full share of liberty and freedom.

Walter Holloway was the first speaker and told his audience that the issue before them was an American question. His ancestors, he said, left England 300 years ago to get out from under tyranny, and therefore his eyes were not blinded to British imperialism. After mentioning those who aided Washington in winning our independence the speaker, who is not a Catholic, declared the Irish question was not a question of any race or religion but a tremendous emotion for justice and liberty—a human question demanding settlement now. The reasons for our revolution were that under British law we could not do business

ness, and after comparing the backwardness of Canada, India and British ruled dominions, he paid tribute to sons of Ireland who have written names high on the roll of honor of our country.

Prof. Cantrell, who was educated and occupied the room of Jefferson Davis at Transylvania, was pleased to appear before the citizens of the great Commonwealth of Kentucky, the home of his ancestry, to talk as an American for the Irish Republic. After dwelling on our struggle for independence he called attention to the eighteen Irishmen who were under Washington, the aid rendered the Americans by the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, Franklin's great reception in Ireland and the generous response of the people of that country, who shared with us their food and provisions, he contrasted England's oppression and the work of her hired Hessians. Until British rule was made and final instructions given under British misrule has been starved and oppressed as have no other people of the world. England had professed the war was being fought for humanity and people's God-given rights, and he insisted upon the pledge being carried out.

The meeting was in every way a success, and despite the English propaganda which exists here gave a great impetus to the Irish Republic bond drive.

The next meeting of the Drive Committee and all friends and persons connected in any way with the organization will be held Tuesday evening at the headquarters, 322 West Jefferson Street.

All the details for the bond sale have been worked out, and at the meeting Tuesday evening addresses will be made and final instructions given the various ward Captains and their assistants.

HUNOLD-BOSLER.

St. Mary's church, Eighth street, presented a scene of extraordinary beauty Wednesday morning, when Nic Bosler, Jr., led to the altar Miss Minnie Hunold. Rev. Father Westerman performed the ceremony and celebrated the nuptial high mass, at which an augmented choir rendered a special programme. Immediately following the ceremony an elaborate wedding breakfast was served at the Hunold home on Walnut street, where a reception was held and the bride and groom received the felicitations of a legion of friends and admirers. The bride is the lovely daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hunold and is a young woman of many accomplishments, and the lucky groom is the popular and successful manager of the Tyler Hotel.

LAST PERFORMANCE.

"The Lass of Limerick Town" will make her farewell bow tomorrow evening at Bertrand Hall, this being the sixth and last performance of this charming little opera. Extra performances being added this week in response to popular demand. The two alternate casts proved quite an attraction, as the average person who attended one performance became a victim of his or her own curiosity and returned to see how well the other cast handled their parts. If you have failed to see either you are missing a treat, and get in line for the farewell appearances tomorrow evening.

MOURN HIS DEATH.

John E. Brown died Saturday morning at his home, 1136 Zane street, at the age of sixty years. Deceased was well known in the city, having been a pioneer member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians and always ready to aid those out of employment or in want and distress. He was born in County Mayo, Ireland, but came to this country while in his youth and has since resided in Louisville. For many years he was employed by the L. and N. Railroad Company, which left to engage in the grocery business, and his genial smile and good nature will be missed by a host of friends. Though extremely American, he had never forgotten the land of his birth and made several trips across the ocean to visit his aged mother before she died. He is survived by his wife, Bridget Moran Brown, to whom many tender their sympathy. Funeral services were held Monday morning at St. William's church, many being present to pay a tribute to his memory.



THE INTRUDER.

Senator Beckham supports the League of Nations and favors assistance for small nations of all creeds and colors but Ireland. Beckham voted "No" against a resolution which only expressed sympathy for that long oppressed and persecuted country.

CONDEMNED

Materialism A System of Education Without Liberty and Without a Soul.

Liberal Toronto Weekly Secnds Condemnation of Materialistic Public Education.

System Not Criticized by Catholics and Conscientious Protestants Alone.

RIGHT IN THEIR CONTENTIONS.

Catholics and members of religious denominations who maintain their own parochial schools are frequently charged with being narrow in their attitude toward the public system of education. It is true that sometimes Catholics do overstep the mark in their opposition to public schools, though in principle they may be and usually are right in their contentions. The agitation for and against the proposed creation of a Federal Department of Education, such as the Smith and Turner bills provide, has produced examples of such criticism. But it should be remembered that the public system of schools is not criticized by Catholics and conscientious Protestants alone. A recent expression of the liberal Statesman of Toronto, Canada, is a striking instance in point.

In the issue of April 17 of that weekly there appears an editorial entitled "An Educational Gathering," in which "Gracchus" reports and comments on the fifty-ninth annual convention of the teachers of Toronto. In the course of the report we read that one of the educators present, a Rev. Dr. Bruce Taylor, designated the Ontario system of education as "our materialistic and autocratic system of education, without liberty and without soul." In opposition to a challenge of this statement by the former Minister of Education, Gracchus endorses this criticism and adds: "We must say that we regard Mr. Taylor's designation as well directed. If the educational system of Ontario during the past ten years has not been autocratic then we do not know what autocratic means. If it has made for anything more than materialism we have been unable to trace its idealistic workings. Perhaps it has been working in conjunction with heaven and the higher things of the soul, but we doubt the spiritual affiliation."

A strong condemnation indeed, and yet one which thinking men and women will subscribe to. For "Gracchus" and the "Statesman" rightly refrain from exaggerating the charge of unwise local or provincial management of the schools and take up the more serious question of the philosophy by which they are guided in instruction. "Let us not deceive ourselves," the article continues. "What our school system, in this province, needs is

neither more self-complacency nor more petty criticism. It needs the strong hand of a wise educator, who will aim to make sound and solid scholarship the basis of all our school work, fashioning the scholarship according to spiritual ideals, thus giving to our young men and women a power with which, as with the lever of Archimedes, they may move the world."

And making the application still more general, the writer adds: "Neither the study of birds nor the study of nature, however humanizing they may be, can be a substitute for the moral law of God; and if these do not prevail in the school room, and out of the school room, all our education is vain and useless and only makes for dust and ashes in our lives."

There lies the crux of the question. It would be folly to assume that the situation is any different in our own country, the question of autocratic management of the schools being beside the main issue. "Gracchus" is right in stating that all study is vain unless education impresses upon the pupils the moral law of God. But religion and morality based on religion may not be taught in our public schools, and never attain the ideal in education which the school should attain, and which conscientious Protestants and Catholics demand of their schools.

C. B. of C. V.

PRESENTATION GRADUATES.

Sixteen girls will be graduated from the Presentation Academy the morning of June 14 in the chapel of the school. Miss Florence Broderick has been awarded first honors, Miss Lillian Wortham second honors, and Miss Ruth Goldman third honors. The graduates are Misses Virginia Barry, Florence Broderick, Henrietta Evers, Agnes Pinegar, Catherine Furey, Ruth Goldman, Antonette Gross, Ernestine Harewell, Evelyn King, Aline O'Connor, Beatrice Ratt, Aline Chawke, Cecilia Sullivan, Margaret Emhoff, Lillian Wortham and Mabel Bruce.

FAREWELL TO KENTUCKY.

The Rev. George M. Connor, who left Louisville over a year ago in search of health, which he found on the Pacific coast, sang the high mass and preached his farewell sermon to his congregation at St. William's church Sunday morning. Father Connor has been persuaded to remain in the climate which has restored his health and where clergy and laymen have united in welcoming him. He will be attached to the church of the Most Holy Redeemer in San Francisco. Wednesday evening the members of St. William's congregation held a farewell meeting and reception for Father Connor, who is well loved by them.

LAUDS POPE'S PEACE.

Pope Benedict's efforts to re-establish peace in Europe during the war were extolled by Cardinal Logue, Primate of Ireland, at a banquet given at the Irish College on Monday. "There was not one of us who did not feel that the peace which was not included in the Pontiff's peace conditions," he declared. "During the late war every effort was made to induce the Pope to side with one belligerent or another but he went straight as an arrow. He made justice and right triumph over oppression."

K. OF C.

Pope Sets Aside Entire Day For Entertainment of American Visitors.

This Privilege Has Never Before Been Accorded to Visitors to Rome.

His Holiness Will Pontificate at Open Air Mass in Vatican Gardens.

CLIMAX OF THE PILGRIMAGE.

For the first time in the history of the Vatican an entire day has been set aside by the Pope for the entertainment of visitors from America. This information is contained in a cable received from Rome by William J. McGinley, of New York, Supreme Secretary of the Knights of Columbus, from K. of C. European Commissioner Edward L. Hearn.

In an audience granted to Commissioner Hearn, Pope Benedict stated that he would personally act as host to the 500 Knights who would visit Rome during their pilgrimage to Europe, beginning August 7 at the close of the K. of C. Lafayette convention in New York. His Holiness will pontificate personally at an open air mass in the Vatican Gardens, after which he will conduct the party through the Vatican and St. Peter's and show them the art treasures and historic library of the Catholic Church. This privilege has never been accorded before to visitors to Rome. The Pope has also consented to have motion pictures taken of the ceremonies in the Vatican Gardens. The K. of C. pilgrimage will first go to Metz for the unveiling by Marshal Ferdinand Foch of the Lafayette statue which the Knights are presenting to France. The party of 500 will arrive in Rome about the first week in September.

Local Knights of Columbus are filing applications for membership in the forthcoming K. of C. pilgrimage to Europe on which, by decision of Pope Benedict XV., September 1 will be American day at the Vatican. On that day 500 Knights of Columbus, led by Supreme Knight James A. Flaherty, of Philadelphia, will be the guests of His Holiness and the Vatican, and its gardens will be closed to all other visitors by order of the head of the Catholic church, who will personally entertain the visiting Knights.

The day at the Vatican will be the climax in the K. of C. pilgrimage to Europe for the unveiling of the Bartlett statue of Lafayette which the K. of C. are presenting to the French Republic. The statue will be unveiled in Metz on August 21 by Marshal Foch and President Deschanel will accept it in behalf of France. Previous to the unveiling the K. of C. will be the guests of the French Government on a tour of the French battlefields, Chateau



CANNON FOD NOW ADORNS MILADY.

Clothes made from United States cartridge silk cloth now on exhibition at the fashion show in New York. Photo shows a few of the pretty models and their cartridge silk clothes.

Thierry, the Argonne, Verdun and St. Mihiel, where the "Casey" overseas workers earned lasting fame for the organization. From Metz the party will proceed to Nancy, Strasbourg and Milan, thence to Rome.

After Rome another feature event of the trip will be an official reception for the Knights of Columbus in Genoa, the birthplace of Christopher Columbus. Although the K. of C. have been established thirty-eight years, this will be the first official visit to the home of the order's patron. From Genoa the party will go to Nice, after which solemn ceremonies will be held at the Shrine of Lourdes.

The party of 500 will sail from New York on the France under August 7, immediately following the K. of C. Lafayette convention. William J. McGinley, Supreme Secretary of the K. of C., who is directing the trip, states that France has awarded unusual diplomatic standing to the party and guaranteed that the trip will be profitless.

At a dinner given jointly in Paris by Edward L. Hearn, of New York, European Commissioner of the Knights of Columbus, and Dr. Marcel Knecht of the French High Commission to the United States, the Marquis de Chambrun, member of the French Chamber of Deputies and direct descendant of the Marquis de Lafayette, was the principal speaker. In thanking the K. of C. for their gift to France of the Paul Bartlett statue of Lafayette the Marquis said: "It was while living in America that I learned to love my country more because I saw how much America owed France. But I didn't think I'd live to see how much France would owe America."

POPE MAKES PLEA.

Pope Benedict has issued an encyclical letter, announcing that, while he maintains the claims of the Holy See to temporal power, he renounces the order forbidding Catholic rulers to visit the King of Italy in Rome. It is understood the first monarch to visit Rome under the new conditions will be King Alfonso of Spain. Pope Benedict, in this important document, emphasizes the necessity of "eliminating the germs of discord which have prevented the full establishment of peace and seriously injuring not only the temporal interests of the nations, but the life and spirit of Christianity as taught by the Lord's Prayer and the examples of our Savior." In conformity with this principle, the letter declares the Pope "forgives those who during the war distorted his intentions and tarnished his work."

Continuing, the Pontiff renews the protest made by his predecessors for the purpose of protecting the rights and dignity of the Holy See and asks that, once peace being re-established, the abnormal conditions affecting the head of the church shall also be brought to an end, as he says, they are prejudicial to the tranquility of the peoples. His Holiness urges the nations to join together fraternally to reduce, if not to eliminate, military expenditure which is weighing heavily upon the finances of the various States. He sets for that the danger of fresh conflagrations will thus be rendered more remote and that independence and territorial integrity, within its just frontiers, will be insured to every nation. The Pontiff declares that the church will not fail to co-operate with this association of peoples with an efficiency to which history bears witness.

OWENSBORO.

Eighty-six candidates were initiated at Owensboro Sunday afternoon at the twentieth initiation of the Knights of Columbus, Santo Council. This makes the total membership of the Knights of Columbus in Davison county more than 500. The initiation, held at the Armory, was attended by hundreds of Knights. At the banquet which followed Judge Ring, St. Louis, was the principal speaker. The Knights of Columbus have just opened their new home, the Bransford residence, purchased with its furnishings from Judge Lawson Reno. The home is one of the most beautiful in Owensboro, and \$40,000 will be expended for an addition to include a gymnasium, auditorium and swimming pool.

REPUBLICAN

Convention Will Be a Real Auction Sale Among the Boodle Candidates.

Growing Demand For Democratic Party Leaders to Have Beckham Withdraw.

Near Mayor Explains the Tax Rate But Explanation Not Convincing.

CROOKS HAVE HARVEST WEEK.

The big Republican convention at Chicago is on and all indications point to control by the same power that has controlled the Republican party for years—the money power. The American public has been amazed this week in reading the stories of the million dollar boodle fund spent in behalf of Wood, Lowden and the others to literally buy the Presidency of the United States. The day of the poor man in the Republican party is over and Abraham Lincoln, if alive, would not be given even the post of door-keeper or sergeant-at-arms by the present money kings who control the G. O. P. It is apparent to every one that Senator Johnson is far and away the strongest of the Republican candidates, but the bootleggers are now purchasing blocks of negro delegates from the South to stifle Johnson's plans. From a Kentucky standpoint it is amusing to read the alibis furnished by the Bingham press and the other Republican paper, the Louisville Herald, that why Gov. Lowden must not be confused with the other boodle candidates. This is because Lowden is Ross Tobe Hert's special choice for the Presidency and actually Hert's choice is Bobby Bingham's and the Herald's. No mystery there. But the alibi press have failed to explain why Lowden spent nearly half a million dollars of his own in trying to corral delegates. Please, please, why Gov. Lowden when boodle and corruption fund candidates are mentioned.

The suggestion in the columns of the Kentucky Irish American that Senator Beckham was asked to withdraw for the sake of party success has met with widespread and favorable comment. In the reorganization methods the past few months wherever there was a weak spot it was eliminated by the withdrawal of the incumbent or incumbents of the party machinery. As for instance, the State Central and Executive Committees were reorganized and the local Jefferson County Committee withdrew in a body. Now it is plain to everyone that Beckham would be a weak candidate for Senator and the gentlemen foremost in reorganizing the party should ask him to announce his withdrawal. In 1914 Beckham was awarded the nomination in the August primary after a bitter fight by a close margin. The anti-Beckham men refused to support him following the primary, and they were in large numbers. Men in the liquor business, cigar trades and thousands of Democrats were sore at the lugging of the prohibition question into Democratic councils. After quite a time they were beguiled into voting for Beckham in the November election by leaders who contended that it would be good politics to get Beckham away from here and that he would be grateful to them for their support.

The rest is history. Jefferson county, the home of many of the anti-Beckham men, rolled up a majority of 12,213 for him against Gov. Wilson, a resident and popular citizen of Louisville. Beckham's majority in the State was 31,000, while Senator Camden, the Democratic nominee for the short term that year, had a majority of 44,000. Immediately following the election to the surprise of many Beckham again began his series of attacks on the

(Continued on Sixth Page.)